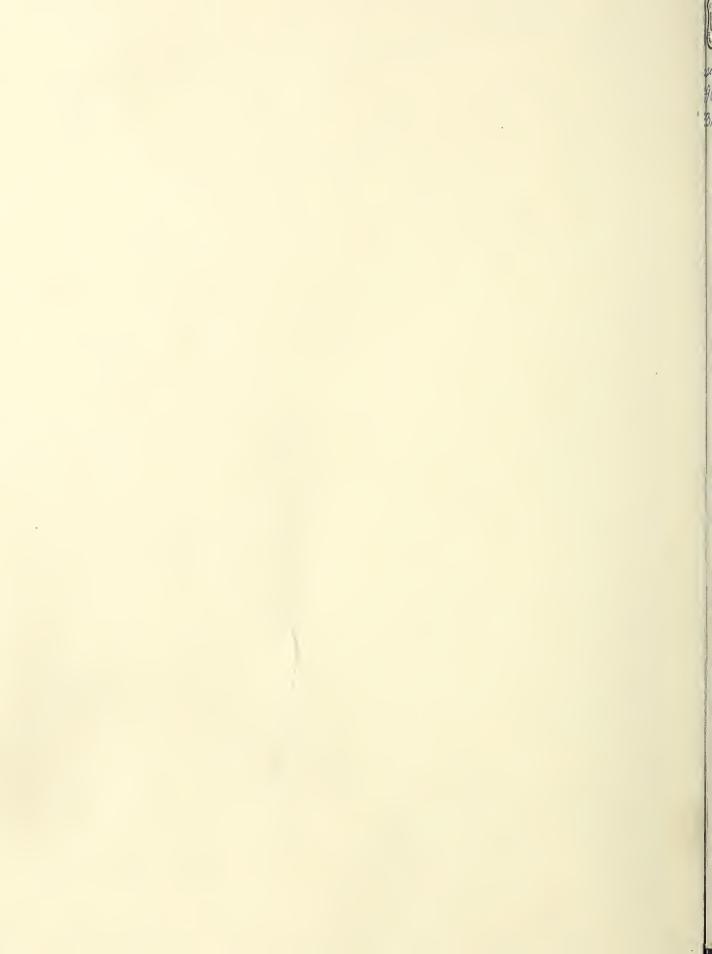
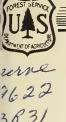
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## Research Note

## NORTHERN ROCKY MOUNTAIN FOREST AND RANGE EXPERIMENT STATION

Missoula, Montana

No. 130

December 1953

## POLE PRODUCTION IN 1952

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Division of Forest Economics

CURTETT SOUTH AND JAN 15 1954 \*

During 1952 the production of poles was about 6 percent greater than in 1951 according to the annual pole production surveyl/ in Montana, Idaho north of the Salmon River, and Northeast Washington2/. The 1952 total amounted to 494,152 poles as compared with 465,347 produced last year. Table 1 shows the 1952 output by species and area of origin. North Idaho regained the leadership lost to Montana in 1951. The only change in position of species was the movement of western larch into second place ahead of lodgepole pine. Western redcedar continued as the leader.

Table 1. Number of poles produced in 1952

Species	Montana	rthern Rock : North : Idaho	ky Mountain Re : Northeast : Washington	* Total	: Percent : of : total
		<u>Number</u>	of pieces -		Percent
Western redcedar Lodgepole pine Western larch Douglas-fir Total	11,792 104,621 56,591 8,981 181,985	151,829 - 63,323 8,625 223,777	54,100 32,847 1,443 88,390	217,721 104,621 152,761 19,049 494,152	44.1 21.2 30.9 
Percent	36.8	45.3	17.9	100.0	100.0

<sup>1/</sup> The Rocky Mountain Pole and Treating Association sponsored the survey of pole production for 1952. The cooperation of the pole-producing companies in supplying production data is greatly appreciated. All companies were contacted by mail and it is assumed that this report covers all production in this area. Production of any companies that were missed or failed to report would not change total production by more than 1 percent.

<sup>2/</sup> Northeast Washington includes Ferry, Lincoln, Pend Oreille, Spokane, Stevens, and Whitman Counties.



Total production was still some 39 percent below the peak year of 1947, with all species except Douglas-fir falling below that peak year. Table 2 shows the change occurring in 1952 from 1951 and 1947.

Table 2. Percent of change in 1952 from 1951 and 1947

Species	•	1951	•	1947	
Western redcedar Lodgepole pine Western larch Douglas-fir		+13.2 -23.4 +20.9 +88.3		- 5.7 -70.2 -31.2 +194.3	
Total		+ 6.2		-39.0	

Figure 1 shows the total production and production by species since the beginning of this series of annual surveys in 1946. Even though there has been considerable fluctuation in production, our records do not extend over a long enough period to indicate a definite general trend.

In prior reports and in data presented thus far in this report only poles produced from the forests of the Northern Rocky Mountain Region have been included. In addition to this production, poles are shipped in from the West Coast and Canada and processed by pole companies in this area. The total number of poles received from all geographic sources and processed in this area since 1947 is as follows:

0	0	٥	0	0	1,173,985	poles
0	0	0	0	۰	675,055	11
۰	0	0	0		910,603	11
					616,267	11
e	۰	•	0	0	598,313	11
0	٠	0		0	873,838	11
	0	<ul><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li></ul>	<ul><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li></ul>	<ul><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>0</li><l< td=""><td>6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</td><td>675,055 910,603 616,267 598,313</td></l<></ul>	6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	675,055 910,603 616,267 598,313

The distribution of poles by length and A.S.A. class was practically the same as 1951. Lengths of 40 feet and less continued to be the most popular, as did A.S.A. classes 4 through 7. Table 3 gives the percentage distribution by A.S.A. class and length.

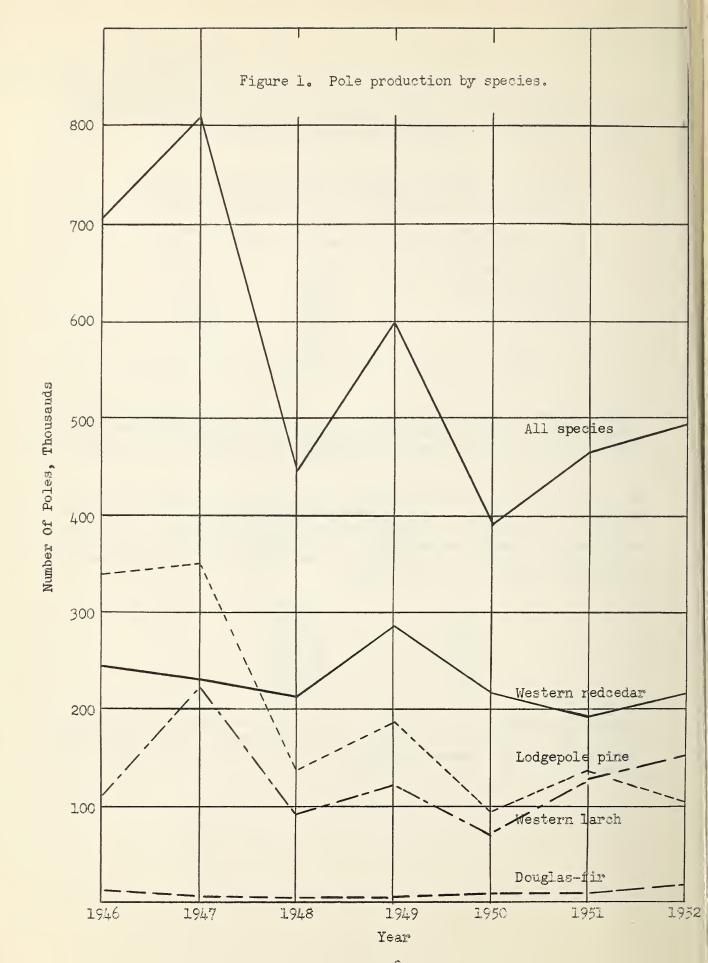


Table 3. Classification of 1952 pole production by A.S.A. class, length, and species

Northern Rocky Mountain Region

_	NOT CHETTI HOCKY PROUNTED IN THE GLOTI											
	Pole :	1:	2 :	3	: 4	S.A. C		: 7	: 8	: 9	: 10	: All
_	Feet						of total					
	% shorter 30 35 40 45 50 & longer All	0.11 0.21 0.20 0.33 0.39 0.48 2.23 3.95	0.13 0.28 0.51 0.61 0.77 0.94 2.81 6.05	0.32 0.58 1.57 1.80 1.86 1.76 3.39 11.28	We 0.60 1.32 3.48 4.93 3.21 2.44 1.93 17.91	stern r 1.79 3.11 8.00 5.50 2.03 0.47 0.06 20.96	2.29 4.85 7.50 2.32 0.06 0 0		1.71 1.81 0.52 0 - 0 0 4.04	3.32 0.48 0 0 0 0 0 3.80	0.61 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	13.47 18.26 27.64 15.80 8.32 6.09 10.42
					Lo	dgepole	pine					
	& shorter 30 35 40 45 50 & longer All	0.05 0.05 0.07 0.07 0.04 0.03 0.03	0.06 0.11 0.19 0.19 0.13 0.15 1.02	0.15 0.25 0.48 1.39 1.23 0.53 0.23 4.26	0.38 0.69 2.99 3.35 1.67 0.19 0.10 9.37	1.19 2.76 8.98 4.37 0.84 0.02  18.16	2.13 6.25 13.79 2.63 0.12 0.02 0 24.94	4.68 11.86 0.08 0 0 0 28.50	1.02 0.73 0.07 0 0 0 0	7.42 0.59 0.04 0 0 0 0	3.48 0.06 0 0 0 0 0 0 3.54	20.56 23.37 38.47 12.08 4.09 0.92 0.51 100.00
					We	stern l	arch					
	% shorter 30 35 40 45 50 & longer All	0.02 0.24 0.29 0.27 0.27 0.40 1.39 2.88	0.02 0.12 0.56 0.48 1.05 1.27 2.80 6.30	0.05 0.33 2.13 2.69 3.09 1.73 2.02 12.04	0.38 1.34 4.77 6.66 4.66 1.11 0.58 19.50	0.55 3.71 11.49 5.96 1.73 0.08 0.02 23.54	1.11 5.62 11.93 2.26 0.29 0 0 21.21	1.82 4.44 5.77 0.36 0 0 0	0.29 0.18 0.05 0 0 0 0	1.11 0.10 0 0 0 0 0	0.41 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	5.76 16.08 36.99 18.68 11.09 4.59 6.81 100.00
						uglas-f						
	% shorter 30 35 40 45 50 & longer All	0.09 0.18 0.34 0.44 0.69 2.66	- 0.31 0.86 1.27 1.05 1.62 5.28 10.39			0.03 2.92 12.19 6.56 0.39 0.10 0.01 22.20	0.03 3.56 7.88 0.20 - 0 0 11.67	0.01 1.89 2.49 0 0 0 4.39	0 0 0 0	0.01 0 0 0 0 0 0	0.01 0 0 0 0 0 0	0.23 11.11 33.80 20.48 9.25 8.85 16.28 100.00
					Al	l Speci	.es					
	& shorter 30 35 40 45 50 & longer All	0.07 0.19 0.20 0.28 0.32 0.43 1.80 3.29	0.08 0.22 0.51 0.59 0.80 0.99 2.73 5.92	0.21 0.49 1.66 2.11 2.21 1.82 3.06 11.56	0.47 1.28 4.16 5.56 3.47 1.85 1.28 18.07	1.24 3.19 9.39 5.58 1.65 0.28 0.04 21.37	1.76 5.08 9.39 2.13 0.12 0 18.48	2.40 5.73 6.24 0.26 0 0 0 14.63	1.11 1.10 0.30 0 0 0 2.51	2.95 0.35 0.01 0 0 0 0 3.31	0.85 0.01 0 0 0 0 0	11.14 17.64 31.86 16.51 8.57 5.37 8.91 100.00

Dash indicates less than 0.01 percent; zero, no production.

